



Regional Leadership Meeting

March 4, 2016

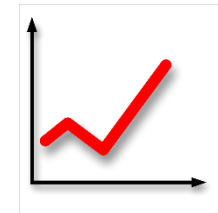
Anne Ruflin, Chief Planning Officer

Albert Blankley, Director of Research and Analytics

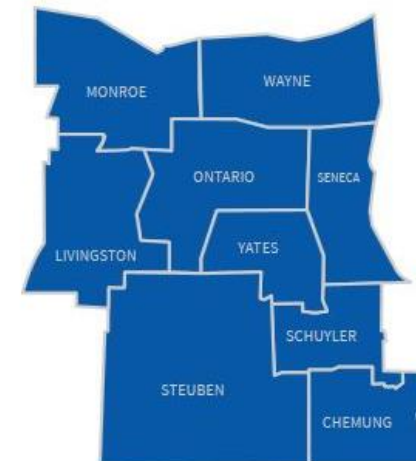
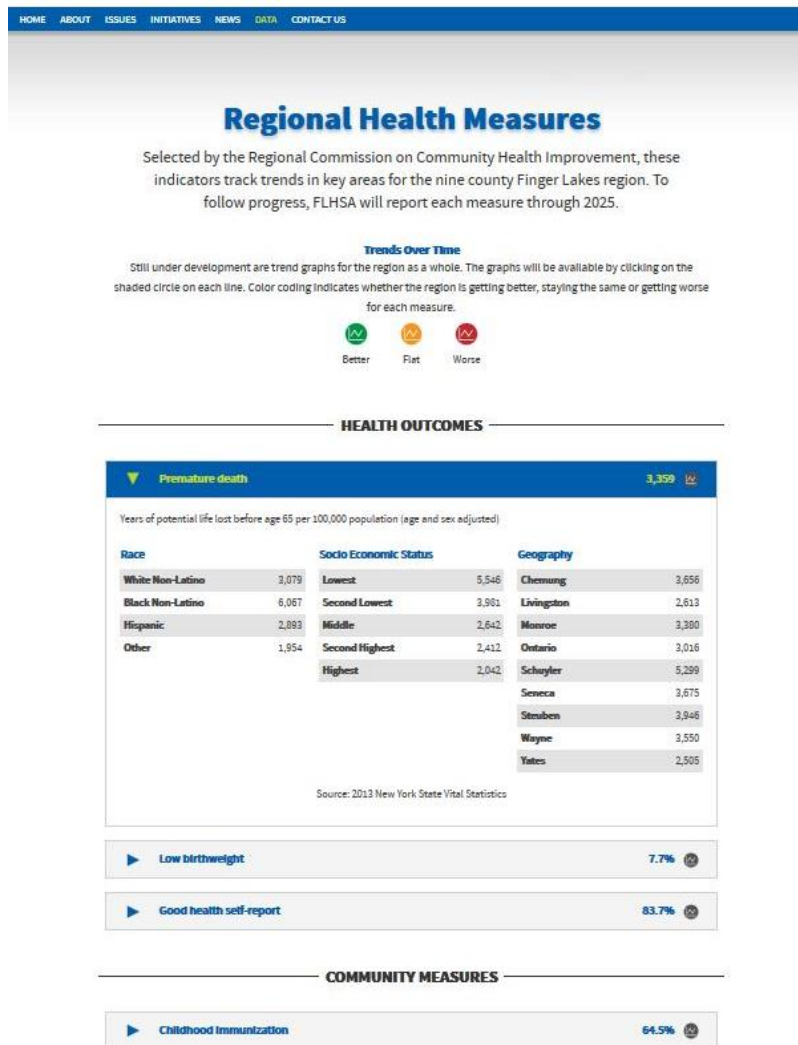
Catie Horan, Regional Health Planner and Data Analyst

Research & Analysis Updates

- Continuous Capability Enhancement
- Regional Population Health Measures
- Community Insight & Input



FLHSA Website Enhancements

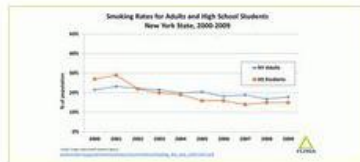


FLHSA Website Enhancements

HOME ABOUT ISSUES INITIATIVES NEWS DATA CONTACT US

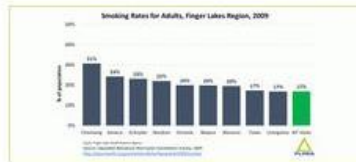
Insights

Browse our gallery of agency slides and charts. Users may download an image or Powerpoint file with the underlying data.



Smoking rates for adults and high school students, New York State, 2000-2009

Smoking tobacco contributes to 25,500 deaths annually in New York State by increasing the risk for cancer, cardiovascular disease and respiratory disease. These figures do not include deaths from cigarette-related burns and second-hand smoke. In New York State, an estimated 389,000 individuals currently between the ages of one and 17 eventually will die from smoking during their lifetime. While adult smoking rates have declined in

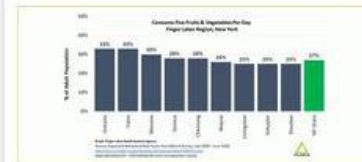


Smoking rates for adults, Finger Lakes Region, 2009

Smoking rates within the region tended to be higher in the southern counties of Chemung, Seneca, Schuyler and Steuben. All but two counties, Yates and Livingston, exceeded the New York State rate of 17 percent in 2009.

[DOWNLOAD IMAGE \[PPT\]](#)

[DOWNLOAD IMAGE \[PDF\]](#)



Rate of fruit and vegetable consumption, Finger Lakes Region

The 2005 Dietary Guidelines for Americans indicates that individuals should consume between five and thirteen servings of fruits and vegetables per day. The Harvard School of Public Health says that a diet rich in fruits and vegetables lowers the risk for many serious health issues such as heart disease, high blood pressure and stroke.

Residents of Ontario and Yates counties are most likely to indicate that they consume at least five servings of fruits and



An Analytic Review of Selected Priority Areas

2016 Community Health Assessments, Community Health Improvement Plans, and Community Service Plans

Approach & Methodology

- FLHSA met with community leaders representing the counties in the Finger Lakes Region.
- The 2016 updates to the CHIP/CHAs require counties to select two priority areas and one disparity. They are also encouraged to explore emerging health issues.
 - Community leaders stated interest in looking at data related to 2013 CHA priority areas
 - Community leaders also stated interest in looking at three emerging health issues

2013 Community Health Assessment Priority Areas

<u>County</u>	<u>Issue #1</u>	<u>Issue #2</u>	<u>Disparity</u>
Chemung	Reduce Obesity in Children and Adults	Reduce Tobacco Use	Reduce tobacco use of low income populations including those with mental health and substance abuse issues.
Livingston	Prevent Chronic Disease: Obesity/Diabetes	Promote Mental Health/Prevent Substance Abuse	Decrease Obesity in Low-Income Populations
Monroe	Reduce Obesity	Reduce Illness, Disability and Death Related to Tobacco Use and Secondhand Smoke Exposure	Increase access to high-quality chronic disease preventive care and management in clinical and community setting.
Ontario	Reduce the Rate of Obesity in Children and Adults	Reducing the Rate of Hypertension	Reducing Obesity Among the Low-Income Population
Schuyler	Reduce Obesity in Children and Adults	Reduce Illness, Disability and Death Related to Diabetes	Screen for Diabetes Risk 10% of the County's 20-49 Year Old Population, as many do not have Primary Care Physician nor Health Insurance Coverage. Once Screened for their Risk of Diabetes, they would be Referred to a Primary Care Physician (PCP) and if Appropriate a Navigator to be Screened for Health Insurance Eligibility.
Seneca	Reduce Obesity in Children and Adults	Prevent Substance Abuse and Other Mental, Emotional, and Behavioral Health Disorders	Tobacco use among those with Poor Mental Health
Steuben	Reduce Obesity in Children and Adults	Reduce Heart Disease and Hypertension	Promote Tobacco Cessation, Especially Among Low SES Population and Those with Mental Health Illness
Wayne	Reduce Obesity	Reduce Heart Disease	Reduce Obesity Among Low-Income Population
Yates	Prevent Obesity	Prevent Hypertension	Access to Specialty Care for the Low-Income Population

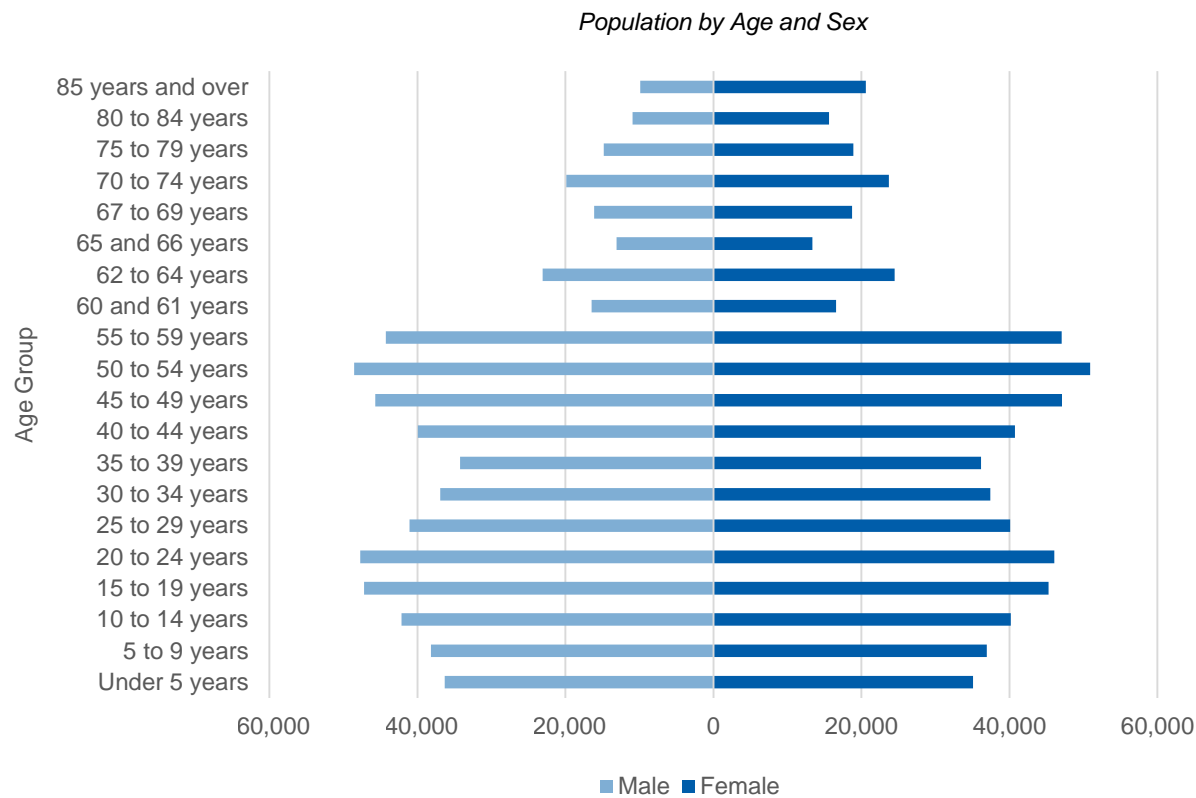
Approach & Methodology, Continued

- The process of data collection began with a review of the New York State Prevention Agenda Dashboard
 - Additional data were collected from:
 - The Expanded Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System;
 - The Statewide Planning and Research Cooperative System (SPARCS);
 - NYSDOH VITAL Statistics Mortality file;
 - FLHSA High Blood Pressure Registry; and
 - FLHSA Multi-Payer Claims Database
- Data were compared to either the New York State Prevention Agenda Objective for 2018 or Upstate New York

THE FINGER LAKES REGION: DEMOGRAPHICS

The Finger Lakes Region

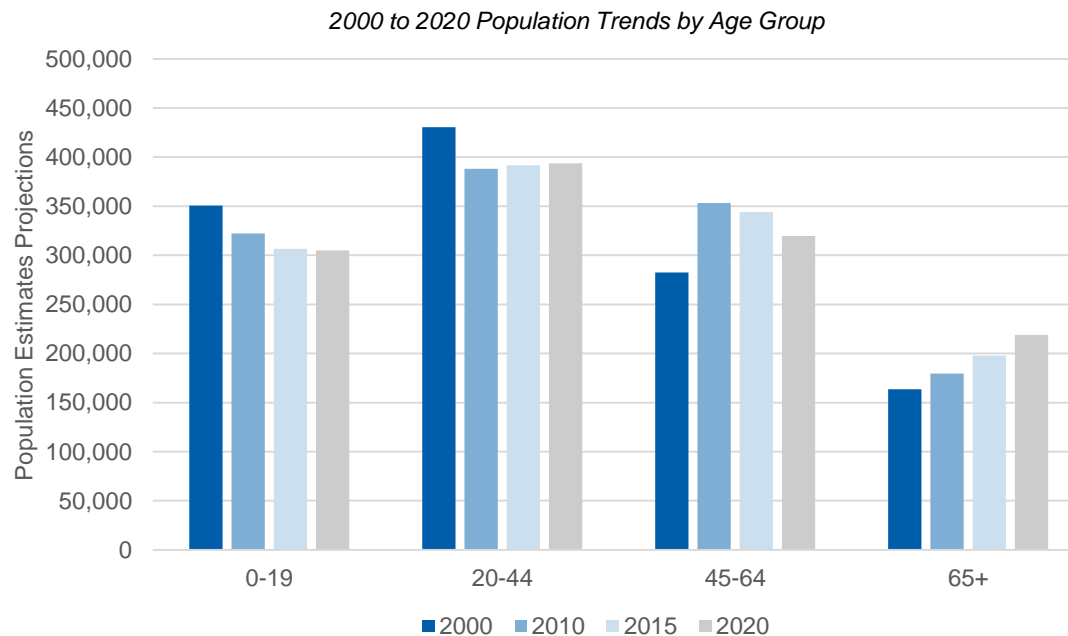
- There are approximately 1,281,374 persons living in the Finger Lakes Region. Age/Gender distributions are essentially equivalent, but begin to shift towards the female population starting at age 75.



Data Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates, 2010-2014

The Finger Lakes Region, Continued

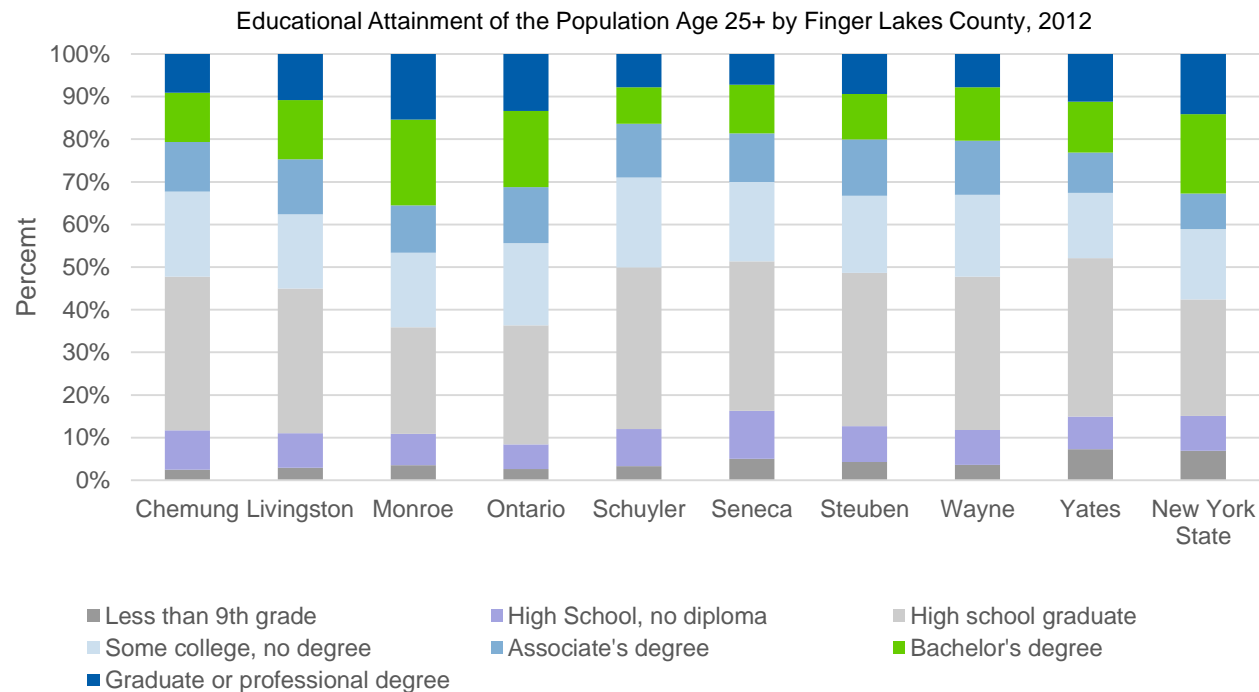
- Population projections show little change in the pre-school, school aged and adults of child bearing ages by 2020. The 45-64 population will decrease slightly, while the 65+ age group will grow.



Data Source: Cornell University, Program on Applied Demographics 2011 Population Projections

The Finger Lakes Region, Continued

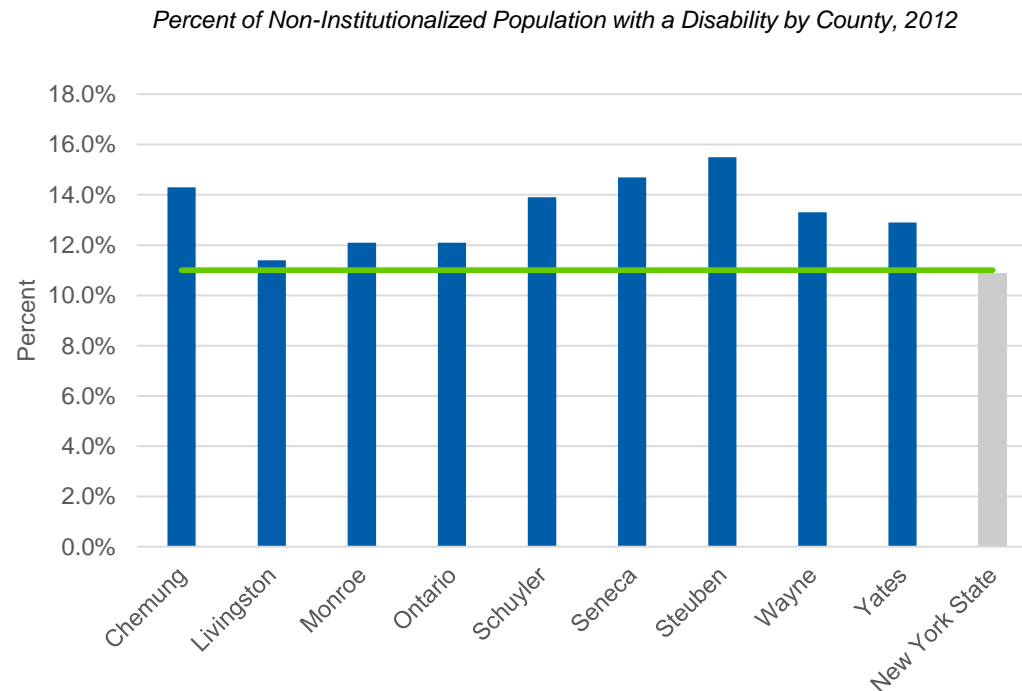
- There are higher rates of post-secondary educational attainment in Monroe and Ontario County. Over half of Schuyler, Seneca, and Yates County have only achieved a high school degree or less.



Data Source: US Census Bureau; 2012 ACS 5-Year Estimates

The Finger Lakes Region, Continued

- Rates of persons living with a disability the region are higher than the New York State average. Steuben County rates are the highest in the region (15.5%).

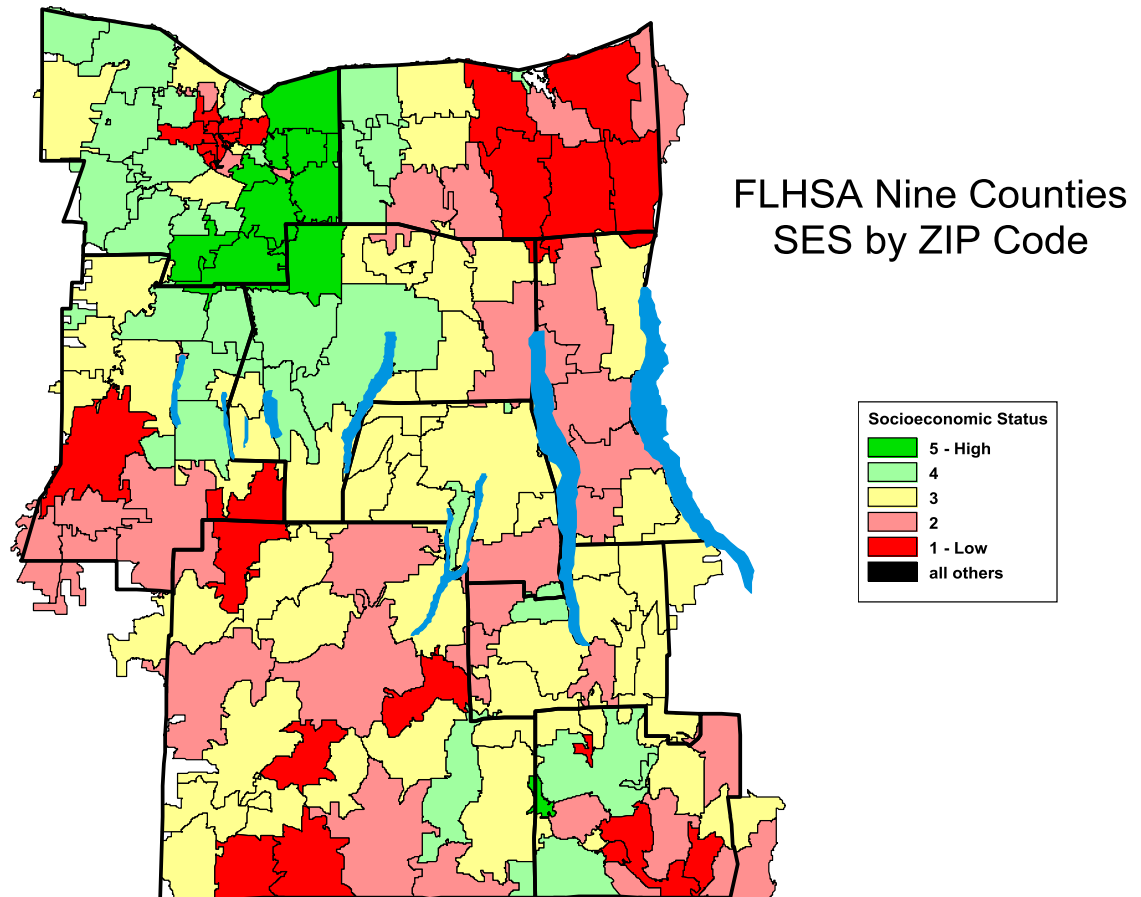


Data Source: US Census Bureau; 2012 ACS 5-Year Estimates

The Finger Lakes Region, Continued

Socioeconomic Status of Finger Lakes Region based on ZIP Code

- Socioeconomic status affects various aspects of a person's health. A substantial portion of the region is living at a low socioeconomic status.

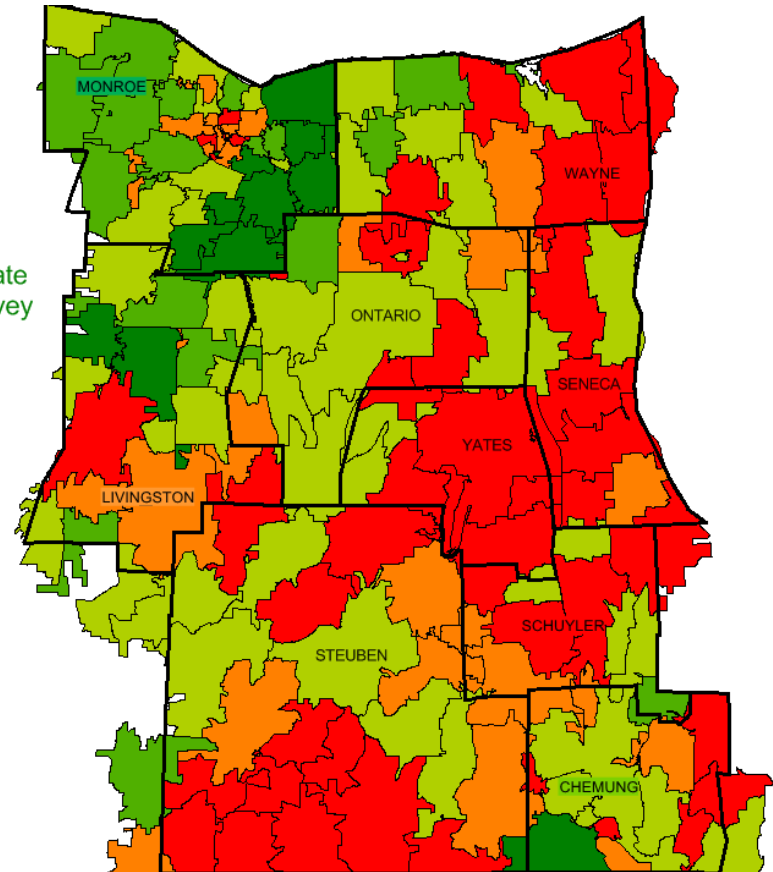
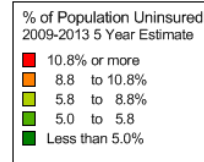


The Finger Lakes Region, Continued

Percent of Finger Lakes Region Uninsured by ZIP Code

- There is a high percentage of the eastern and southern portions of the Finger Lakes Region who are uninsured.

Uninsured Rate
by ZIP Code
2009-2013 5 Year Estimate
American Community Survey
U.S. Census Bureau



DATA UPDATES: THE EIGHT PRIORITY AREAS

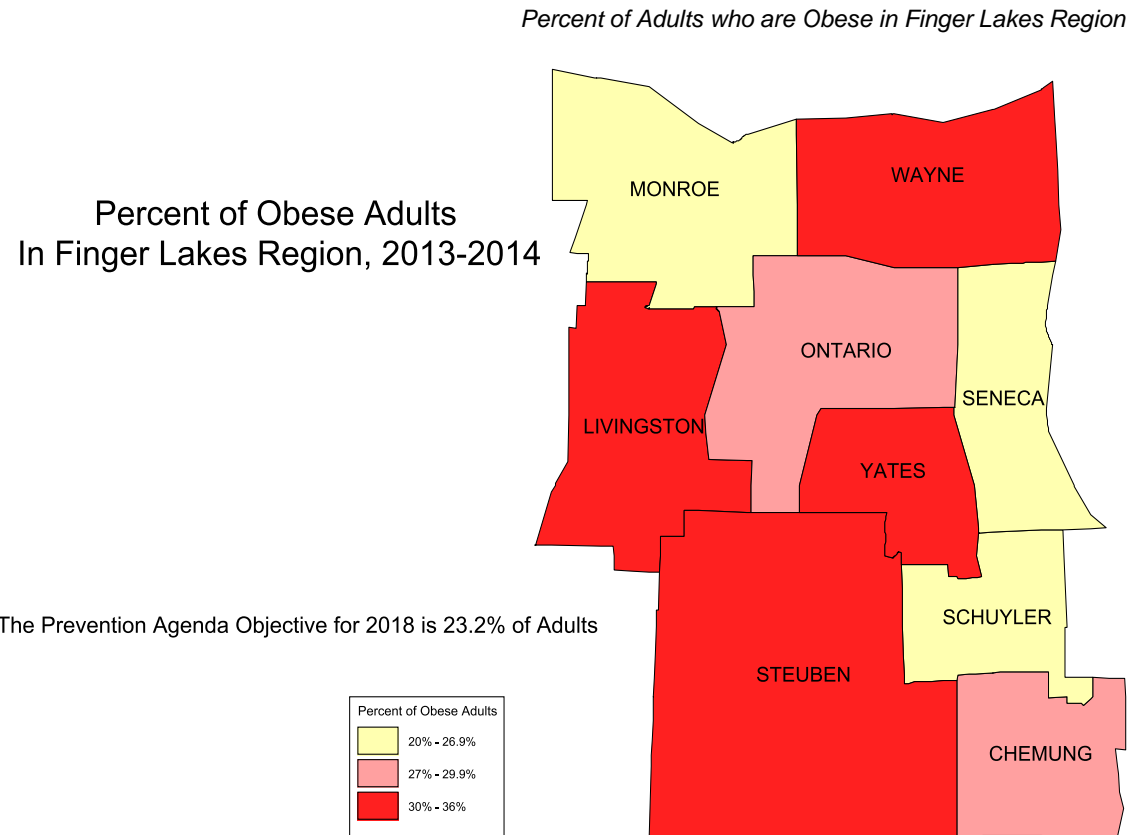
The Eight Priority Areas

- 2013 Community Health Assessment Priority Areas
 - Obesity
 - Tobacco Use
 - Chronic Disease
 - Hypertension
 - Diabetes
 - Heart Disease
- Emerging Health Issues
 - Behavioral Health
 - Falls, Slips and Trips in 65+ Population
 - Low Back Pain

PRIORITY AREA 1: OBESITY

Obesity

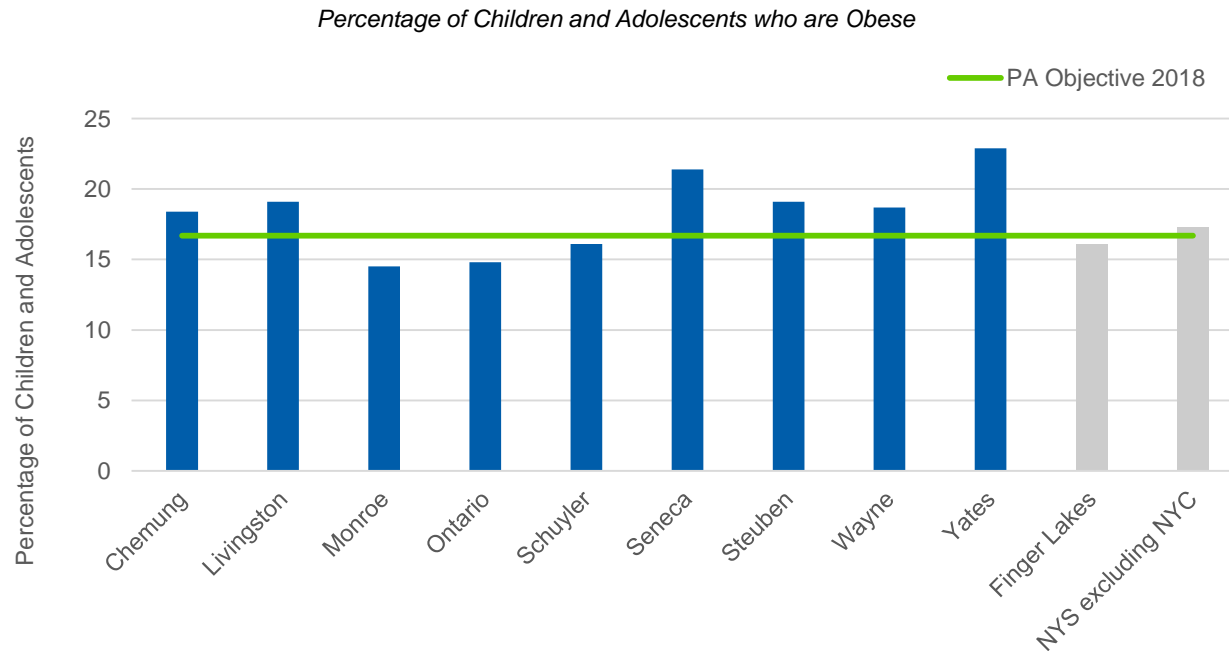
- Obesity remains a significant issue in the Finger Lakes Region.



Data Source: Expanded Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2013-2014

Obesity

- Childhood obesity in the Finger Lakes Region is highest in Yates and Seneca County.



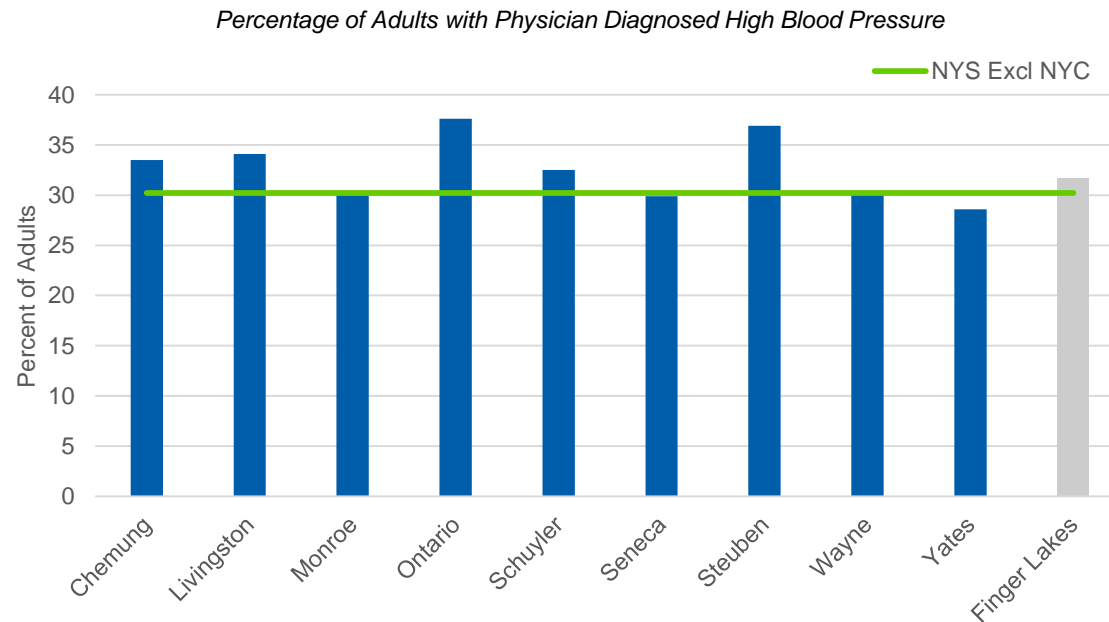
Data Source: Expanded Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2012-2014

PRIORITY AREAS 2-4: CHRONIC DISEASE

HYPERTENSION, DIABETES, AND HEART DISEASE

Chronic Disease- Hypertension

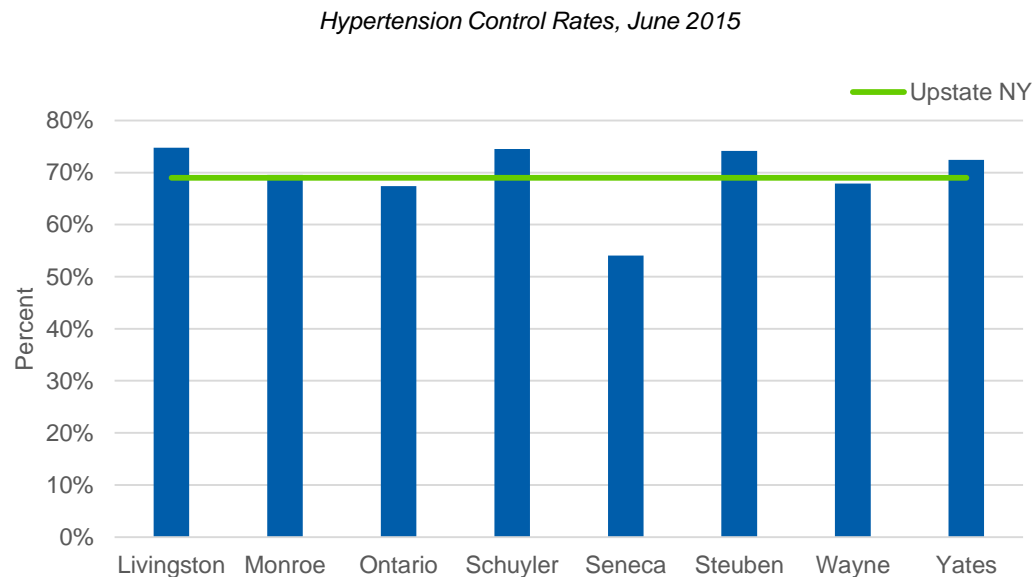
- According to the CDC, approximately 30% of adults are diagnosed with hypertension. This rate is slightly elevated in the Finger Lakes Region.



Data Source: Expanded Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2013-2014

Chronic Disease- Hypertension

- Hypertension control rates are higher in the Finger Lakes Region than in Upstate New York.

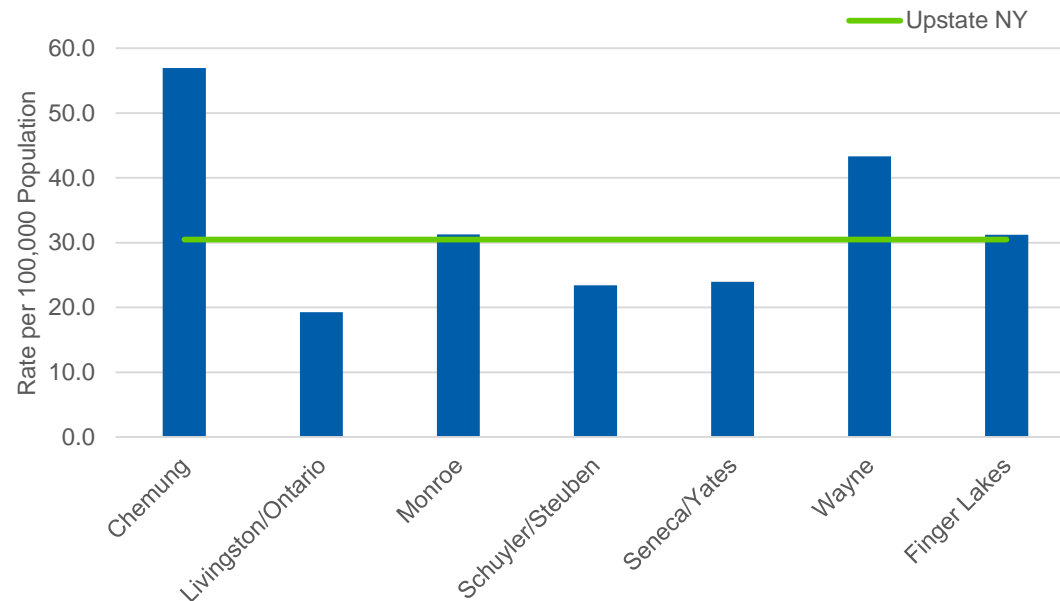


Data Source: FLHSA/RBA High Blood Pressure Registry, June 2015
Note: Chemung has been excluded due to small sample.

Chronic Disease- Hypertension

- Hypertension PQIs are also lower than Upstate New York for several counties.

Rate of Inpatient Prevention Quality Indicators for Hypertension Discharges per 100,000 Population

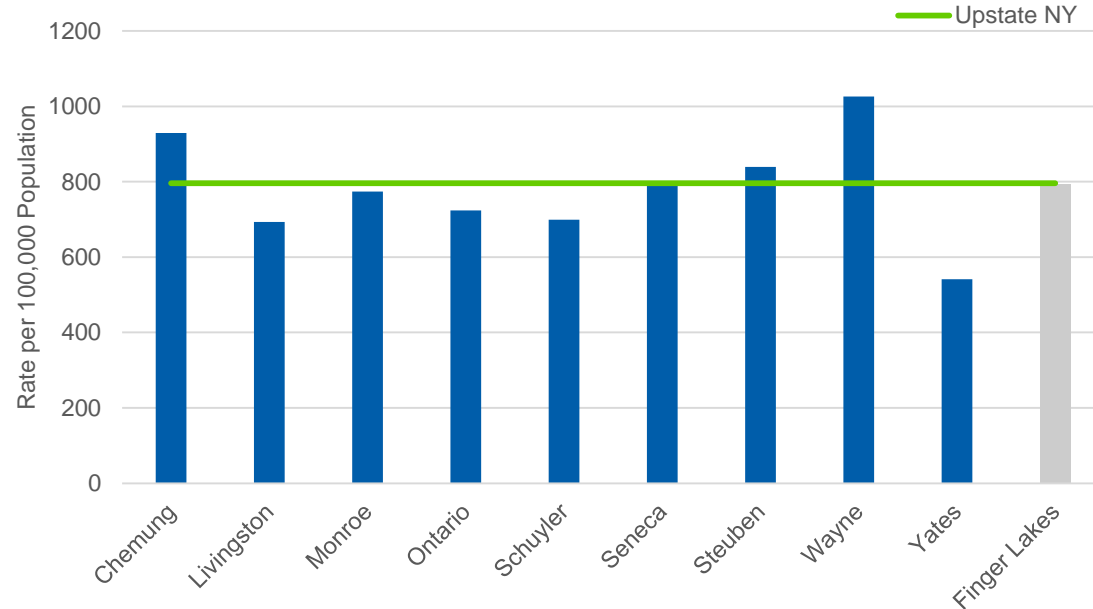


Data Source: SPARCS, 2013
Hypertension as a primary or cormorbidity diagnosis

Chronic Disease- Heart Disease

- Heart Disease admission rates in the Finger Lakes Region are highest in Wayne and Chemung County.

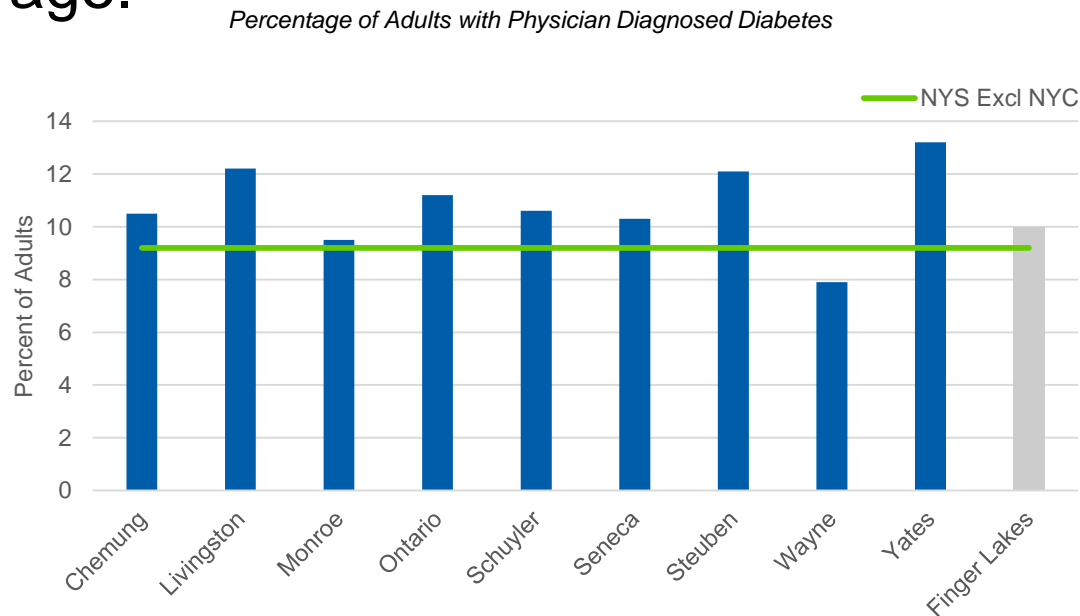
Rate of Inpatient Heart Disease Admissions per 100,000 Population



Data Source: SPARCS, 2013

Chronic Disease: Diabetes

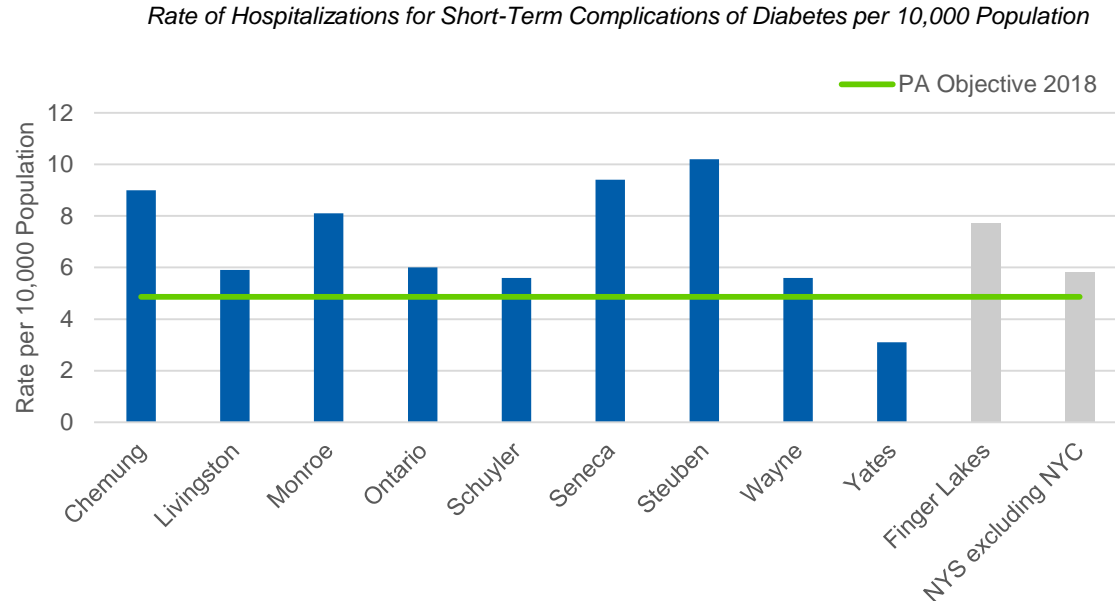
- The percentage of adults with physician diagnosed diabetes in the region are higher than the New York State average.



Data Source: Expanded Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2013-2014

Chronic Disease: Diabetes

- Rates of diabetes short-term complications in the region are higher than the Prevention Agenda Objective, with the exception of Yates County.

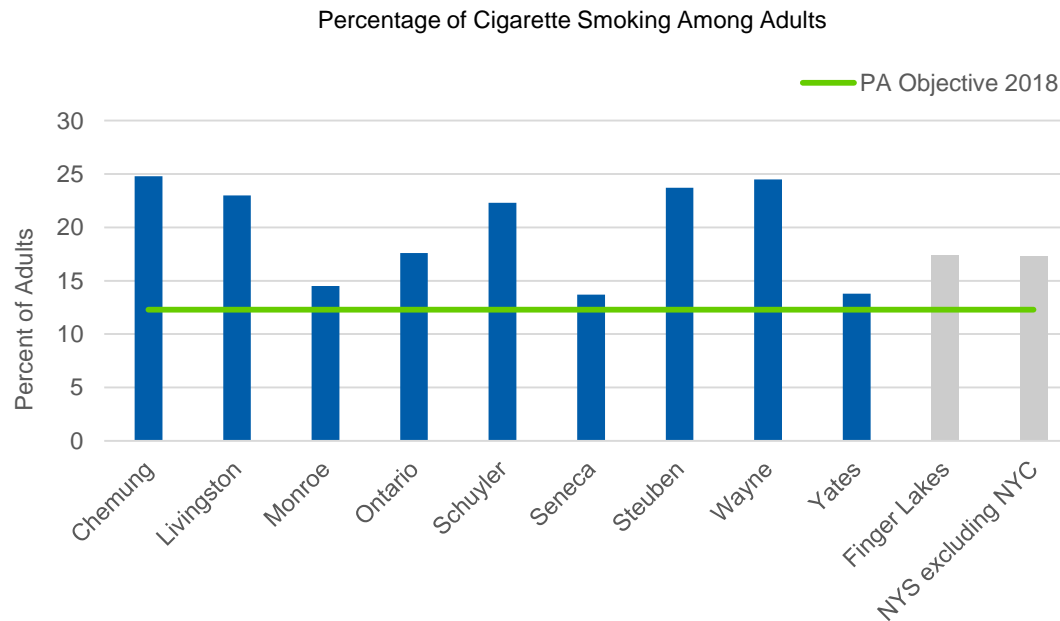


Data Source: New York State Prevention Agenda, 2011-2013

PRIORITY AREA 5: TOBACCO USE

Tobacco Use

- Rates of cigarette smoking adults in each county are significantly higher than the Prevention Agenda Objective for 2018.



Data Source: Expanded Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2013-2014

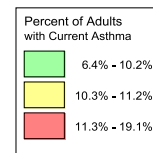
Tobacco Use

- Rates of adults with current Asthma are highest in Chemung and Ontario County.

Percent of Adults with Current Asthma in the Finger Lakes Region 2013-2014

Percent of Adults with Current Asthma
Finger Lakes Region, 2013-2014

The New York State Average is 10.2% of Adults

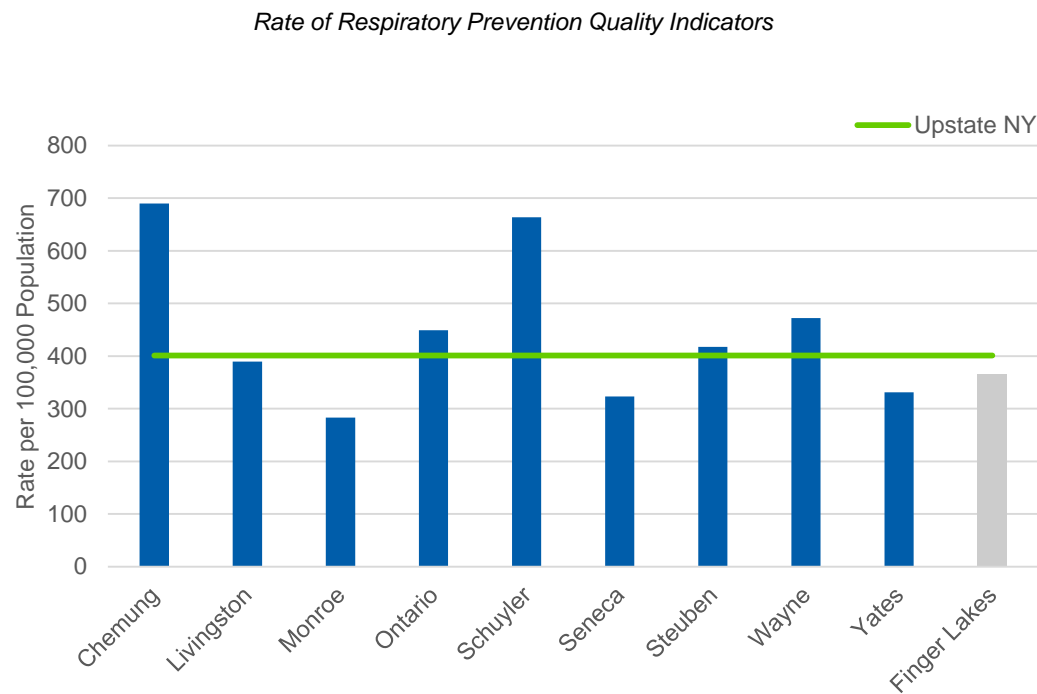


** Chemung Data Unreliable Due To Large Standard Error

Data Source: Expanded Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2013-2014

Tobacco Use

- Rates of respiratory PQIs in the region are highest in Chemung and Schuyler County.

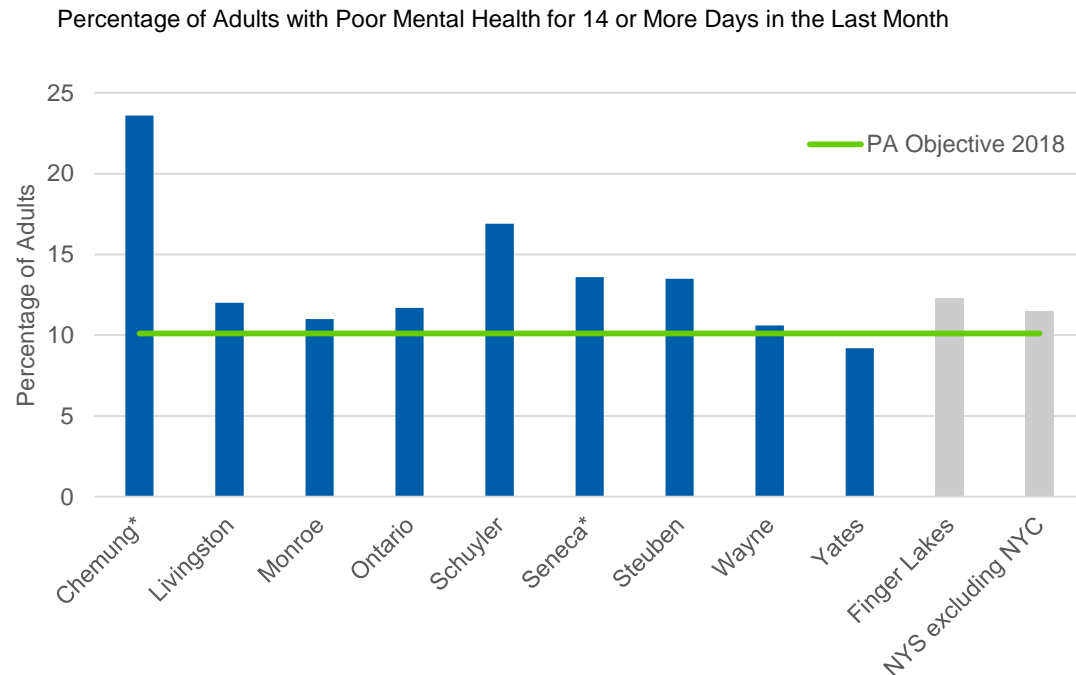


Data Source: SPARCS, 2013

PRIORITY AREA 6: BEHAVIORAL HEALTH

Behavioral Health

- Rates of poor mental health in the region are highest in Chemung and Schuyler County.

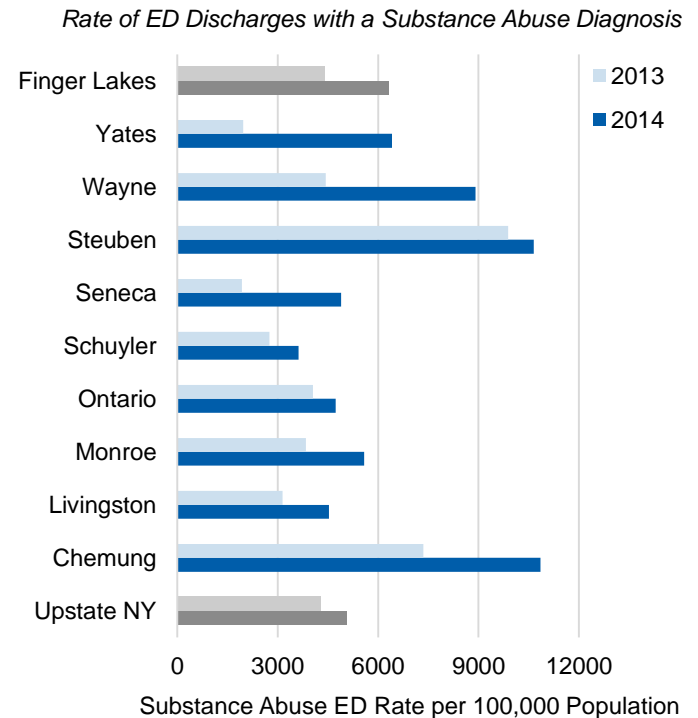
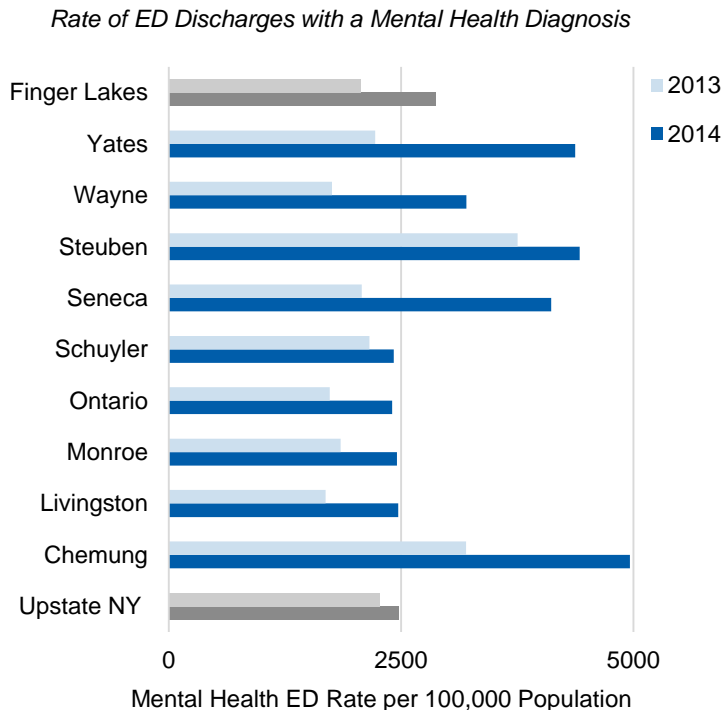


Data Source: Expanded Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2013-2014

*Unreliable due to large standard error.

Behavioral Health

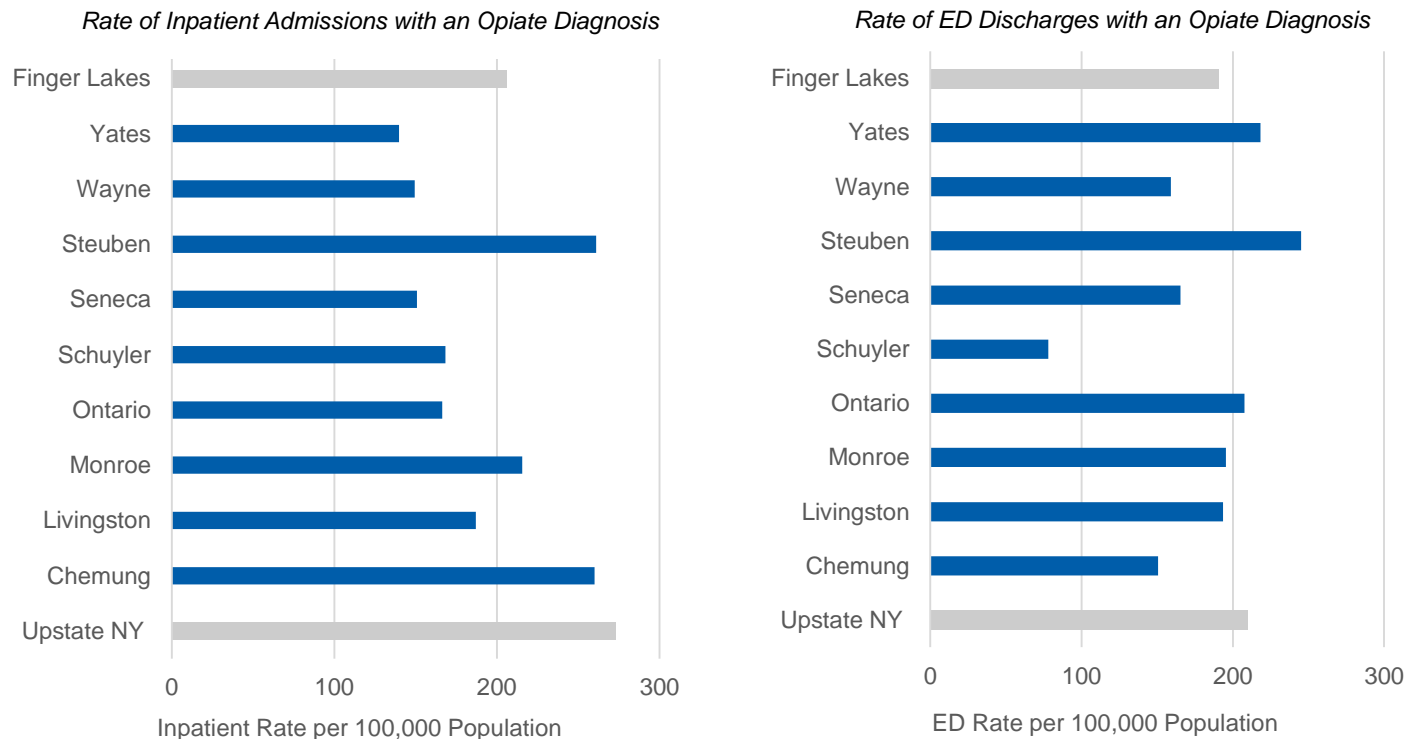
- Rates of ED visits related to Mental Health or Substance Abuse have increased regionally from 2013-2014.



Data Source: SPARCS, 2013-2014. Diagnosis includes primary or comorbidity

Behavioral Health

- Inpatient admissions related to opiate abuse are lower than Upstate New York rates. However, Steuben and Yates have higher ED rates than Upstate New York.

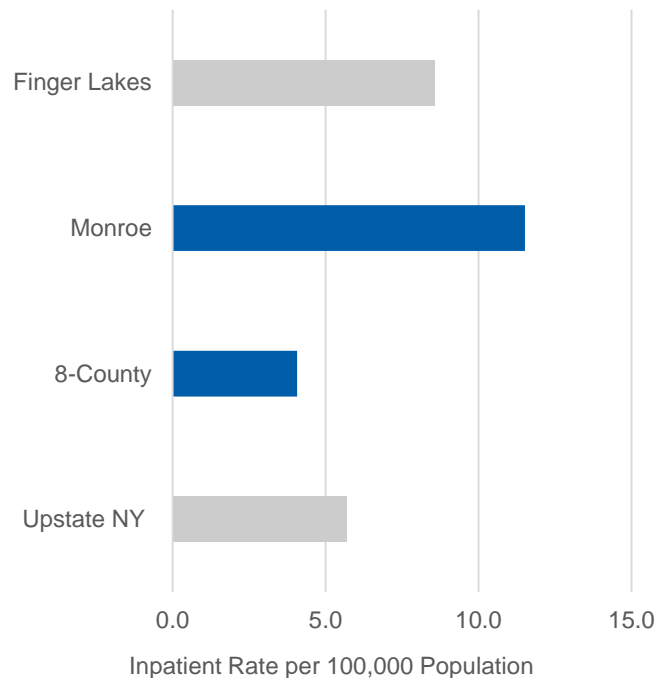


Data Source: SPARCS, 2014

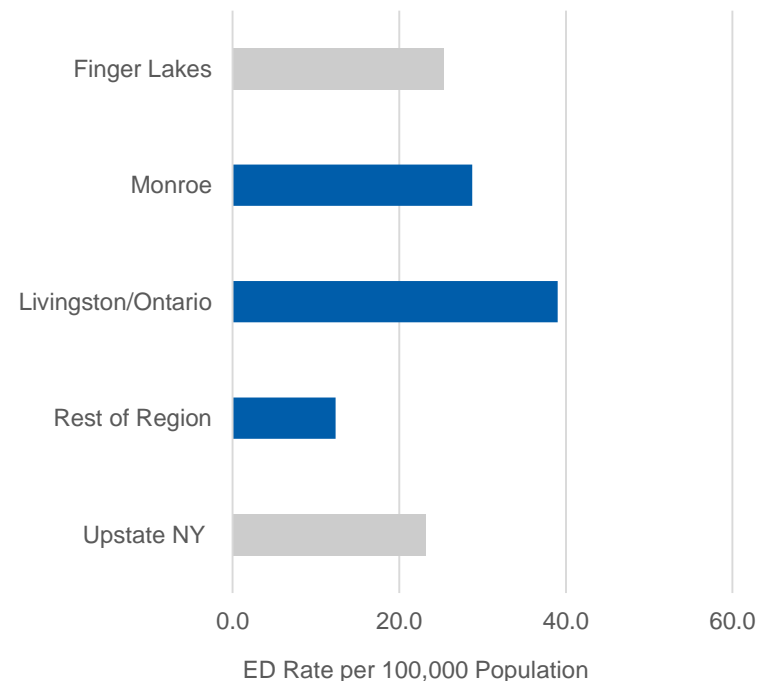
Behavioral Health

- Heroin overdoses in the region are a concern for numerous counties in the Finger Lakes Region.

Rate of Inpatient Admissions with a Heroin Overdose Diagnosis



Rate of ED Discharges with a Heroin Overdose Diagnosis

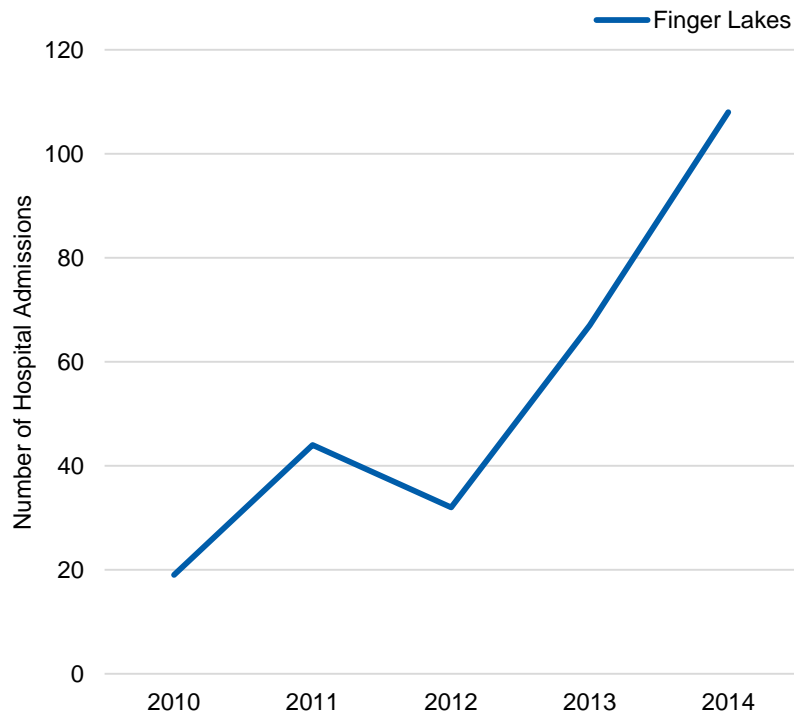


Data Source: SPARCS, 2014

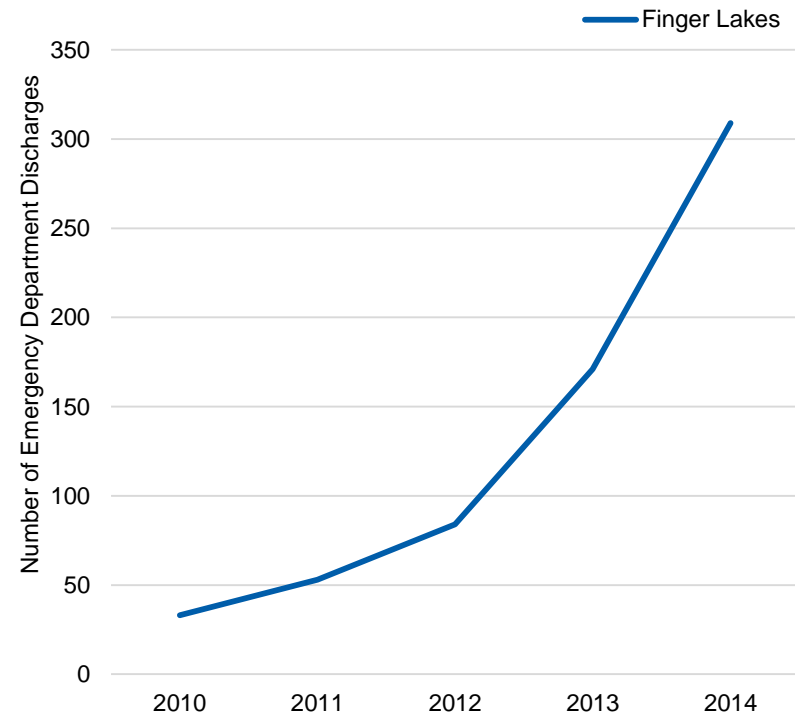
Behavioral Health

- 5-Year trends show a dramatic increase in the number of heroin overdoses in the Finger Lakes Region.

Number of Heroin Overdose Hospital Admissions for Finger Lakes Region, 2010-2014



Number of Heroin Related Emergency Department Overdoses for Finger Lakes Region, 2010-2014

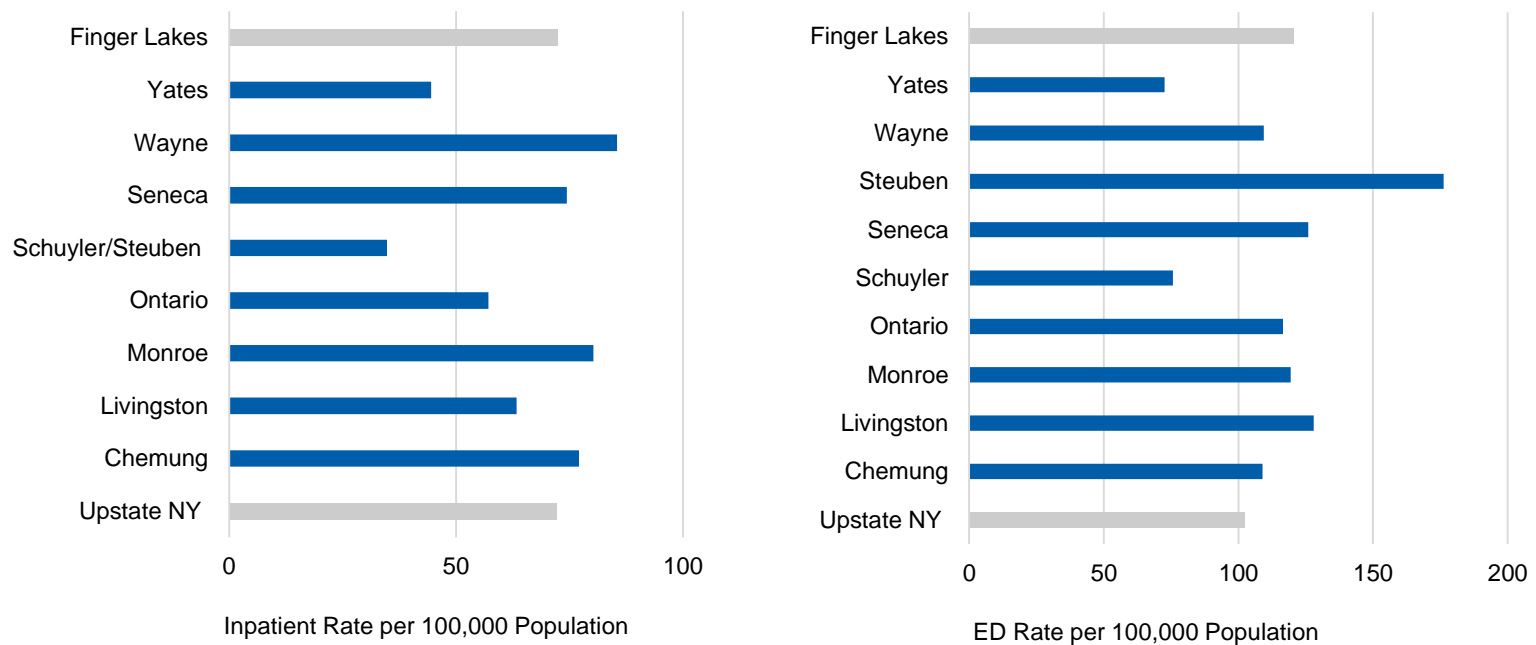


Data Source: SPARCS, 2010-2014

Behavioral Health

- Self-inflicted injury rates are higher than the Upstate New York average for many counties in the Finger Lakes Region.

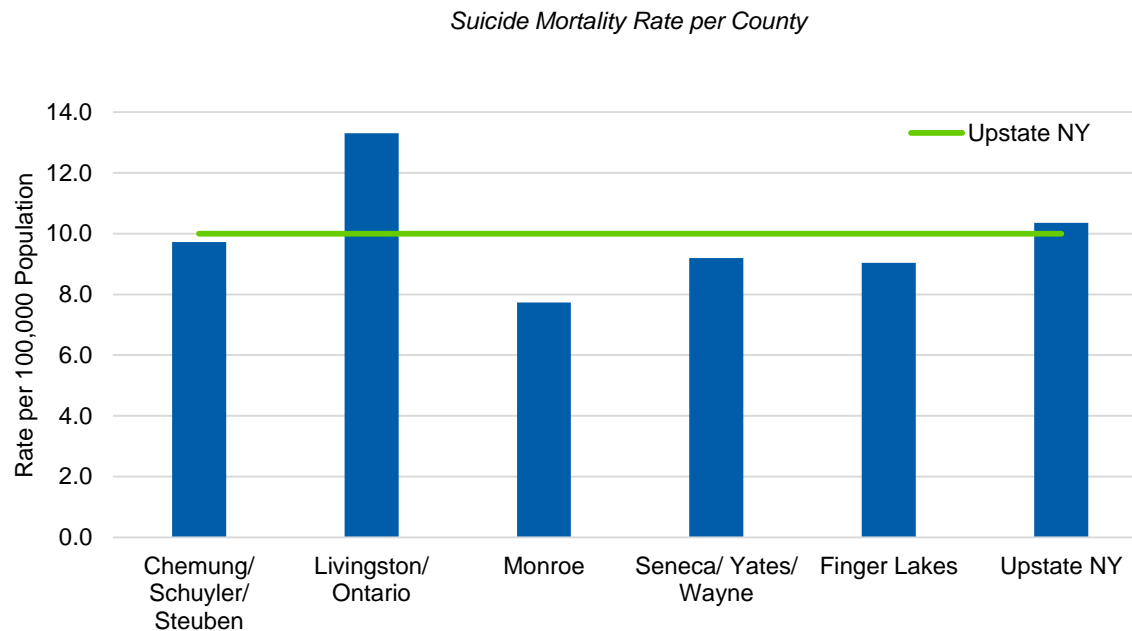
Rate of Inpatient and ED Discharges with a Self-Inflicted Injury Diagnosis



Data Source: SPARCS, 2014

Behavioral Health

- Suicide rates are also higher than the Upstate New York average for some counties in the Finger Lakes Region.



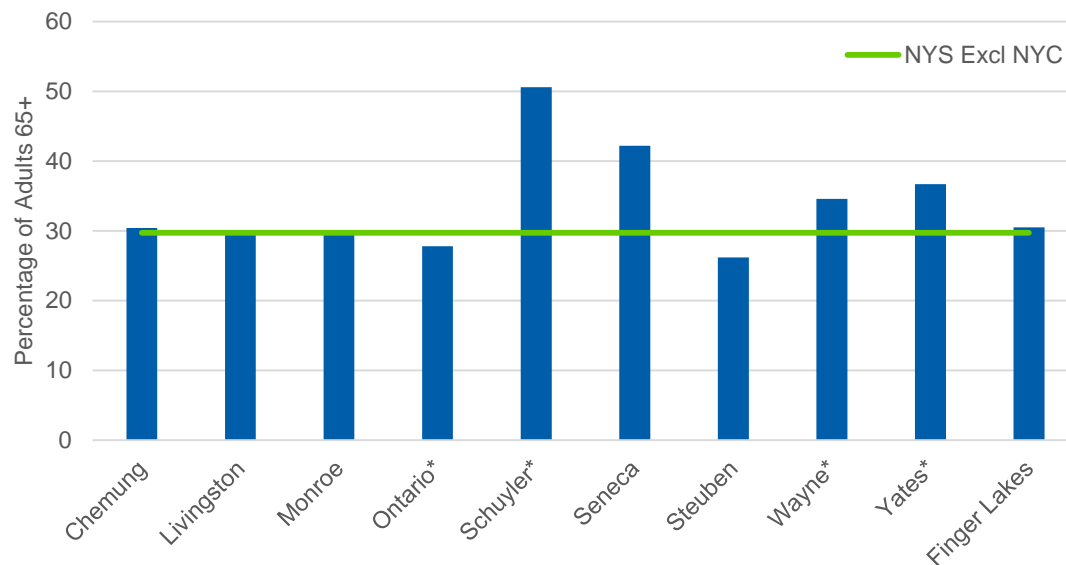
Data Source: New York State Department of Health Vital Statistics, 2013

PRIORITY AREA 7: FALLS, SLIPS AND TRIPS IN THE 65+ POPULATION

Falls, Slips and Trips

- Schuyler County has the highest rates of falls, slips and trips in the 65+ population in the region.

Percent of Adults Aged 65+ with at Least One Reported Fall in Past 12 Months



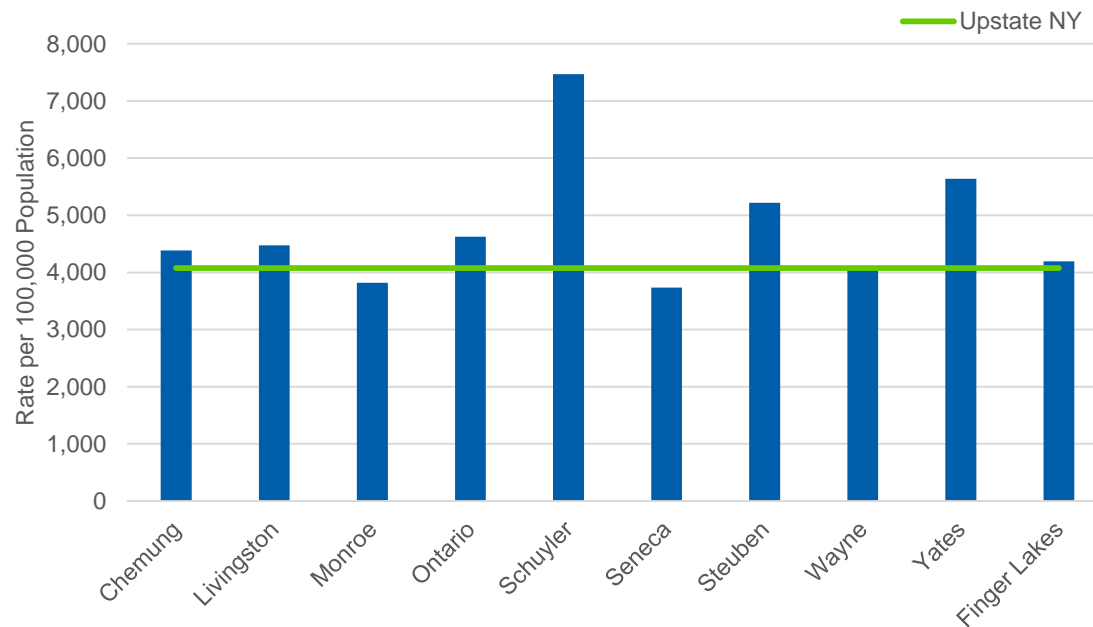
Data Source: Expanded Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System, 2013-2014

*Unreliable due to large standard error

Falls, Slips and Trips

- Schuyler County also has the highest rate of emergency department visits for the 65+ population related to falls, slips and trips

Rate of ED Fall Visits per 100,000 for Population Aged 65+



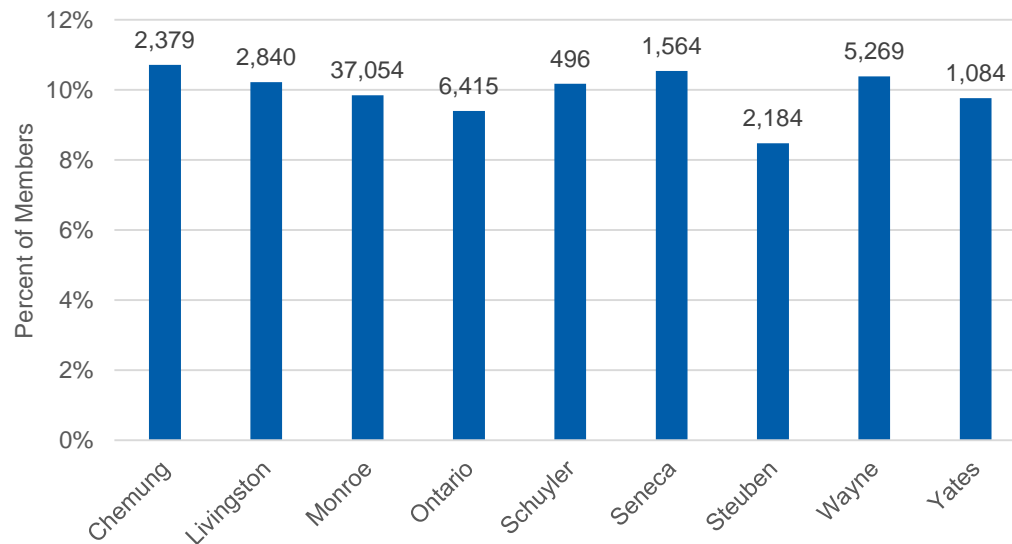
Data Source: SPARCS, 2013

PRIORITY AREA 8: LOW BACK PAIN

Low Back Pain

- The percent of the members in the FLHSA claims database with a diagnosis for low back pain (i.e. sciatica, unspecified low back pain, etc.).

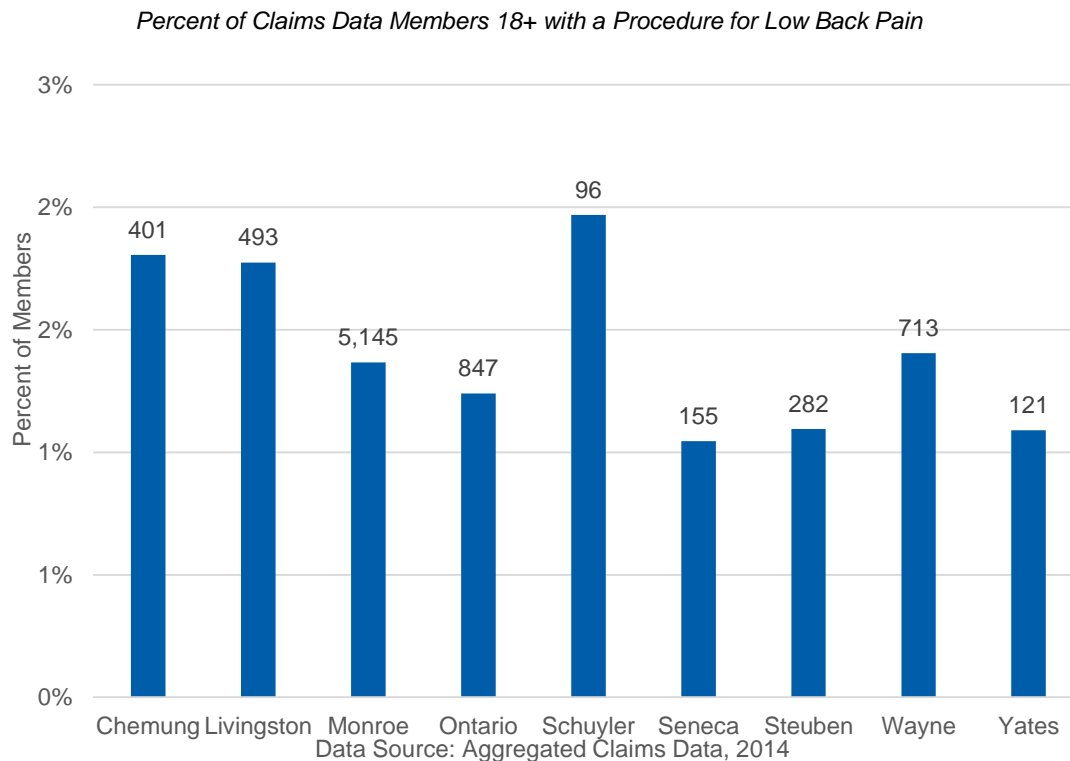
Percent of Claims Data Members 18+ with a Diagnosis for Low Back Pain



Data Source: Aggregated Claims Data, 2014

Low Back Pain

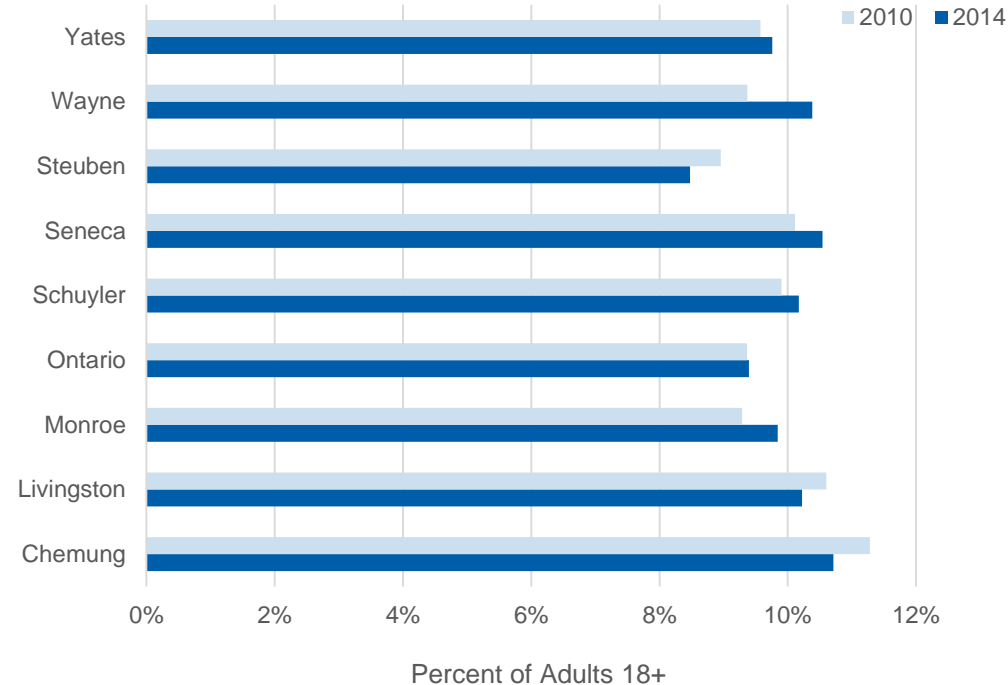
- Percent of the members in the FLHSA claims database with a procedure code for low back pain (i.e. spinal/nerve injections).



Low Back Pain

- Data from 2010-2014 for low back pain diagnoses in the region have not changed much.

Percent of Claims Data Members 18+ with a Diagnosis for Low Back Pain, 2010-2014



Data Source: Aggregated Claims Data, 2010-2014

KEY FINDINGS

Key Findings

- The 2013 CHA priorities remain areas for concern in the Finger Lakes Region.
- Behavioral Health issues, and specifically substance use disorders, are a significant emerging health issue across the Finger Lakes Region.
- SES was the most commonly reported disparity in the 2013 CHAs.
- Specific disparity data for some of the measures provided may be producible. Specific data requests can be sent to catiehoran@flhsa.org.

A copy of the report and PowerPoint slides are available on the Finger Lakes Health Systems Agency website.

www.flhsa.org

QUESTIONS?



Finger Lakes Health Systems Agency is the region's health planning center. Through extensive data collection and analysis, the agency identifies community needs, then brings together residents, hospitals, insurers, physicians and other community partners to find solutions. Located in Rochester, FLHSA serves the nine counties of Chemung, Livingston, Monroe, Ontario, Schuyler, Seneca, Steuben, Wayne and Yates.

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